



TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF

EDUCATION
FIRST TO THE TOP

Programming & Logic I

Primary Career Cluster:	Information Technology
Consultant:	Bethany King Wilkes, (615) 532-2844, Bethany.Wilkes@tn.gov
Course Code(s):	6098
Prerequisite(s):	Algebra I (6109/3102), Information Technology Foundations (6095)
Credit:	1
Grade Level:	10
Graduation Requirements:	This course satisfies one of three credits required for an elective focus when taken in conjunction with other Information Technology courses.
Programs of Study and Sequence:	This is the second course in the <i>Programming & Software Development</i> program of study.
Necessary Equipment:	Computer laboratory
Aligned Student Organization(s):	SkillsUSA: http://www.tnskillsusa.com Brandon Hudson, (615) 532-2804, Brandon.Hudson@tn.gov Technology Student Association (TSA): http://www.tntsa.org Amanda Hodges, (615) 532-6270, Amanda.Hodges@tn.gov
Coordinating Work-Based Learning:	If a teacher has completed work-based learning training, he or she can offer appropriate placement. For more information, please visit http://www.tn.gov/education/cte/wb/ .
Available Student Industry Certifications:	None
Dual Credit or Dual Enrollment Opportunities:	There are no statewide dual credit/dual enrollment opportunities for this course. If you are interested in establishing a local opportunity, reach out to your local postsecondary institution.
Teacher Endorsement(s):	516, 519, 520, 521, 543, 576, 583
Required Teacher Certifications/Training:	None
Teacher Resources:	http://www.tn.gov/education/cte/InformationTechnology.shtml

Course Description

Programming & Logic I is a course intended to teach students the basics of computer programming. The course places emphasis on practicing standard programming techniques and learning the logic tools and methods typically used by programmers to create simple computer applications. Upon completion of this course, students proficient in programming and logic can solve problems by planning multistep

procedures. They are able to write, analyze, review, and revise programs, converting detailed information from workflow charts and diagrams into coded instructions in a computer language. Students completing this course will be able to troubleshoot/debug programs and software applications to correct malfunctions and ensure their proper execution. Standards in this course are aligned with the Tennessee Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts Standards and Literacy in Technical Subjects and Tennessee Common Core State Standards for Mathematics.*

Program of Study Application

This course is the second course in the *Programming & Software Development* program of study. For more information on the benefits and requirements of implementing this program in full, please see the program of study description documents found on the Information Technology website at <http://www.tn.gov/education/cte/InformationTechnology.shtml>.

Course Standards

Computer Programming Overview

- 1) Using news articles and instructional materials, investigate key milestones in the development of computers and logical devices. Create and present a document and/or illustration depicting the timeline of development that led to modern-day operating systems, programmable controllers, and widespread digital communications via the Internet and wireless networks, citing specific textual evidence. (TN CCSS Reading 1, 2; TN CCSS Writing 2, 4)
- 2) Compare and contrast the benefits, features, and typical applications of common modern programming languages and environments. Craft an argument to defend the choice of a certain language to solve a particular problem, developing claim(s) and counterclaim(s) with specific textual evidence and reasoning. (TN CCSS Reading 1, 2, 4, 5; TN CCSS Writing 1, 4)

Ethics

- 3) Using news articles and text of legislation, analyze ethical programming practices, including but not limited to the issues of confidentiality, privacy, piracy, fraud and misuse, liability, copyright, open source software, trade secrets, and sabotage. For example, research and report on the effects of unethical programming practices on a business. (TN CCSS Reading 1, 2; TN CCSS Writing 7)

Programming Skills

- 4) Differentiate between system-level and application solutions, and identify an appropriate code-based strategy to solve a given problem. For example, given a file management problem, determine when a command-line script will be more efficient than a high-level program solution. (TN CCSS Reading 4, 5; TN CCSS Math N-Q, A-SSE, F-IF)



- 5) Apply the system management tools present in a programming development environment to:
- a. Select the most appropriate programming language for the task at hand
 - b. Develop syntactically correct program code using current best practices and emerging classes of development techniques
 - c. Use a compiler to interpret the source code and produce executable program code
- (TN CCSS Reading 3, 4, 5; TN CCSS Writing 4)
- 6) In the process of developing and implementing programming solutions, develop strategies that work within the constraints of major operating system fundamentals, such as:
- a. Security protocols and procedures for accessing files and folders
 - b. File management syntax requirements, including but not limited to creating, naming, organizing, copying, moving, and deleting files
 - c. File naming conventions, as they apply across multiple software applications and file types.
- (TN CCSS Reading 3, 4; TN CCSS Writing 6)
- 7) Write pseudocode and construct a flowchart for a process before starting to develop the program code. For example, code and flowchart a simple process that takes an integer and report whether it is odd or even. (TN CCSS Reading 3, 4; TN CCSS Writing 4)
- 8) Organize and develop a plan to acquire and manage the data values for a process, including the following:
- a. Data types, such as string, numeric, character, integer, and date
 - b. Program variable names
 - c. Variables and constants
 - d. Arrays (at least one- and two-dimensional), subscripts
 - e. Input from files and user responses
 - f. Output to files and reports
- (TN CCSS Reading 5)
- 9) Using a programming language specified by the instructor, convert the pseudocode for a selected process to program code, incorporating at least three of the following structures, the need for which will be dictated by the assigned problem(s) and process(es). The resulting code design can be event-driven, object-oriented, or procedural.
- a. Operations and functions (user-defined and/or library)
 - b. Repetition (loops)
 - c. Decision (if...else, case)
 - d. Recursion
- (TN CCSS Reading 3; TN CCSS Writing 4)



10) Verify the correct operation of the resulting program code with several test cases:

- a. All valid values
- b. Error trapping of invalid values
- c. Error trapping of invalid program operation
- d. Troubleshooting/remedying program problems

(TN CCSS Reading 3, 4; TN CCSS Writing 4)

Project Planning and Quality Assurance

11) Compile the necessary documentation to understand the nature of a computer programming problem and the customer/client specifications for the request and summarize in an informational text. This will include evidence of the scope of the problem, its attendant input and output information, the required system processing, and the software specifications involved. (TN CCSS Reading 1, 2, 3; TN CCSS Writing 2, 8)

12) Analyze a given problem and develop a coherent strategy in the form of a project plan to meet the customer/client's need. The plan will include, but will not be limited to, defining the project scope as addressed by the problem documentation, identifying software development and implementation issues, timeline and benchmarks for design, and addressing issues associated with software maintenance and life cycle. (TN CCSS Reading 1, 2; TN CCSS Writing 2, 8)

13) In the software development process, articulate the nature of the program designs by creating documentation that addresses topics including but not limited to:

- a. The procedural, object-oriented, event-driven, or other nature of the various portions of the resulting application
- b. The data structures used for inputs, outputs, and internal manipulations
- c. The algorithms and guiding formulas used
- d. Constraints on accurate operation and results
- e. Modular designs that enable portability
- f. Interface details that permit ready maintenance and upkeep

(TN CCSS Reading 6; TN CCSS Writing 2, 6)

14) Apply principles of quality assurance during application development to certify bug tracking, audit trails, testing results, and other quality considerations. Annotate each quality assurance task with evidence from best practices endorsed by industry or research. (TN CCSS Reading 3, 6; TN CCSS Writing 7)

15) Document the security risks associated with new applications and evaluate the severity of the risk involved in each, including but not limited to:

- a. Identifying threats to information systems facilities, data communications systems, and other applications
- b. Adhering to federal and state legislation pertaining to computer crime, fraud, and abuse
- c. Providing means for preserving confidentiality and encryption of sensitive data
- d. Detailing steps to recover from routine errors or catastrophic failures, such as might be caused by a malicious computer virus

(TN CCSS Reading 8; TN CCSS Writing 1, 4)



Standards Alignment Notes

*References to other standards include:

- TN CCSS Reading: [Tennessee Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects](#); Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12; Grades 9-10 Students (page 62).
 - Note: While not directly aligned to one specific standard, students who are engaging in activities outlined above should be able to also demonstrate fluency in Standards 3, 5, 6, 9 and 10 at the conclusion of the course.
- TN CCSS Writing: [Tennessee Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects](#); Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects 6-12; Grades 9-10 Students (pages 64-66).
 - Note: While not directly aligned to one specific standard, students who are engaging in activities outlined above should be able to also demonstrate fluency in Standards 3, 9 and 10 at the conclusion of the course.
- TN CCSS Math: [Tennessee Common Core State Standards for Mathematics](#); Math Standards for High School: Number and Quantity, Algebra, and Functions (pages 58-83).
 - Note: The standards in this course are not meant to teach mathematical concepts. However, the concepts referenced above may provide teachers with opportunities to collaborate with mathematics educators to design project based activities or collaborate on lesson planning. Students who are engaging in activities listed above should be able to demonstrate quantitative, algebraic, and functional reasoning as applied to specific technical concepts. In addition, students will have the opportunity to practice the habits of mind as described in the eight Standards for Mathematical Practice.
- P21: Partnership for 21st Century Skills [Framework for 21st Century Learning](#)
 - Note: While not all standards are specifically aligned, teachers will find the framework helpful for setting expectations for student behavior in their classroom and practicing specific career readiness skills.

